#### **REMARKS**

Claims 1-9 have been canceled. New claims 10-29 have been added. Thus, claims 10-29 are presented for examination. Applicants respectfully request allowance of the present application in view of the foregoing amendments.

The amendments are not made for purposes of patentability.

In the International phase of this PCT application, amended sheets have been filed. Any amendments in the International phase are hereby incorporated by reference in their entirety in the present Preliminary Amendment and also filed on separate sheets herewith as originally filed along with an English translation.

A marked up copy and a clean copy of the Substitute Specification incorporating the changes to the specification in the present Preliminary Amendment are provided with this application. No new matter has been added by way of the Substitute Specification.

#### Conclusion

The commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any appropriate fees due in connection with this paper, including the fees specified in 37 C.F.R. §§ 1.16(c), 1.17(a)(1) and 1.20(d), or credit any overpayments to Deposit Account No. 19-2179.

Respectfully submitted,

Dated: 6/9/08

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Siemens Corporation Intellectual Property Department 170 Wood Avenue South Iselin, New Jersey 08830 [0001]Description

# LOCALIZATION OF TELEPHONE SUBSCRIBERS CONNECTED TO A **PACKET NETWORK**

## CROSS REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

[0001]This application is the US National Stage of International Application No. PCT/EP2004/053228, filed December 2, 2004 and claims the benefit thereof. The International Application claims the benefits of German application No. 10358339.4 DE filed December 12, 2003, both of the applications are incorporated by reference herein in their entirety.

### FIELD OF INVENTION

[0002] The invention relates to a method for locating a telephone terminal in the case of a voice connection conducted via a packet network.

#### **BACKGROUND OF INVENTION**

[0003] The invention lies in the field of switching technology and relates in particular to the provisioning of service features for voice communication via packet networks.

A side-effect of the rapid development of packet-based networks, including in [0004]particular the networks based on the IP (Internet Protocol) protocol, is that real-time traffic, such as e.g. voice traffic, is increasingly being handled via packet networks in addition to the data traffic. At the same time efforts are being directed at providing all the service features that are known from telephony via circuit-switched networks (also referred to in this context as TDM (Time Division Multiplexing) networks) as far as possible also for voice communication via packet networks.

[0005] A service feature known from TDM networks is the localization of telephone subscribers on the basis of their call numbers. Originally the call numbers were chosen so that the position of the corresponding terminal or telephone subscriber could be deduced on the basis of the composition of said numbers. In the meantime this rigid link has been abandoned, at least in the German network, in favor of service features such as a subscriber-related instead of location-related number assignment. In today's TDM networks the localization is normally performed by means of localization information which is assigned to a call number. This localization information is typically stored in switching systems for terminals controlled by the respective switching system. The localization information can then be queried or the localization performed via the switching system.

#### **SUMMARY OF INVENTION**

[0006] This function, i.e. the localization of terminal devices, is currently not available for terminals that are connected directly to a packet network, e.g. so-called IP telephones, which is to say telephones that send their voice data directly by means of the IP protocol and exchange signaling using, for example, the SIP protocol, or PCs equipped with voice functionality.

[0007] The An object of the invention is to specify a method for locating telephone terminals which also permits the localization of telephone terminals connected directly to packet networks.

[0008] This object is achieved by a method according to elaim 1 the independent claims.

[0009] According to the invention a server is provided in which telephone subscribers are registered together with their call number and localization information assigned to the call number. In a voice connection in which the calling subscriber is to be identified, in the case of an emergency call for example, the localization of the calling telephone terminal is initiated during the voice connection (in the course of the connection setup, for example). In the course of said localization the call number of the calling telephone terminal is used in a query to the server to interrogate the localization information

assigned to the call number. Finally, the position of the calling telephone terminal is determined on the basis of said localization information.

[0010] The method according to the invention is advantageous in particular with regard to telephone terminals connected directly to the packet network, such as, for example, IP telephones or PCs equipped with voice functionality.

[0011] In the event that the subscriber called in the course of the voice connection is connected to a circuit-switched network or TDM network, the query to the server can be initiated in the switching system controlling the calling terminal. This query is then transmitted to the server in which the localization information is stored. The call number of the calling telephone terminal can then be sent to the called terminal or a switching system responsible for said terminal using, for example, e-mail, SMS or fax.

[0012] During the registration of the telephone terminal the packet network address of the telephone terminal can additionally be stored in the server. This additional information can be used, for example, for checking the consistency of the information stored in the server.

# BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWING

[0013] The subject matter of the invention will be explained in more detail below in the context of an exemplary embodiment with reference to a figure.

The figure shows an IP telephone IP-Tln which is connected to an IP network IPNET.

## **DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF INVENTION**

[0014] A server SER for registering telephone terminals is provided in said IP network IPNET. The server SER is operated for example by an internet service provider. The user of the IP telephone IP-Tln is registered with the server SER. In this case the registration can be one actively undertaken by the user of the IP telephone IP-Tln or an automatic registration. The figure illustrates a scenario for the situation in which the

called subscriber is a PSTN (Public Switched Telephone Network) subscriber, i.e. a subscriber connected to the PSTN network via a local exchange Vst. In a voice connection between the IP telephone IP-Tln and the telephone of the called subscriber B-Thn the exchanged data must be adapted for the transmission over different networks. Said adaptation is performed in a gateway GW which adapts data coming from the IP network IPNET for the transmission over the PSTN network PSTN and similarly adapts data going in the opposite direction. According to the invention the position of the IP telephone IP-Tln is located. The called subscriber B-Tln is, for example, an emergency call center. During the connection setup a connection setup message is transmitted from the IP telephone IP-Tln to the called terminal B-Tln. Upon receiving the connection setup message, the local exchange VST of the called subscriber B-Tln establishes that a connection to the emergency call center B-Tln is to be set up, but that the information regarding the position of the calling subscriber or, as the case may be, IP telephone IP-Tln, which information is to be determined when calls are made to the emergency call center, is not available. In the local exchange VST the localization of the calling subscriber or, as the case may, the latter's terminal IP-Tln is thereupon initiated. Toward that end, a message is sent to the server SER, by means of which message the desired information is queried on the basis of the call number of the calling subscriber IP-Tln. A message of said kind is transmitted back via the PSTN network to the gateway GW and adapted there for transmission via the IP network IPNET. The following options, for example, are possible with regard to reaching the server SER by means of the message.

- The message for querying the desired localization information using the call number of the calling subscriber IP-Tln is first transmitted to the IP telephone IP-Tln and forwarded from there to the server SER.
- Alternatively, multicast can be used, for example, in order to propagate the message to possible destinations through the network. The message will then be discarded by all recipients except the server SER. It can be provided, for example, that a server SER for registering telephone terminals is provided for each subnetwork. In this case a multicast can be performed for the corresponding subnetwork.

• It is also conceivable that the addresses of servers SER which store the localization information for terminals connected directly to the IP network are made available (when a server SER of said kind is set up, for example) to subscribers or terminals that generally require the localization information, such as, for example, emergency services or emergency call centers, so that the called subscriber B-Tln already has the server address.

[0015] Upon receiving the message requesting the transfer of the localization information, the server SER sends said localization information, possibly together with the telephone number of the calling subscriber A-Tln (in the interest of better control), to the called subscriber B-Tln or the associated local exchange VST. This can happen in that this information is first transmitted via the IP network IPNET, then adapted in the gateway GW, and finally transmitted via the PSTN network PSTN to the destination, where the information is analyzed and the position of the calling subscriber IP-Tln determined.